

Name _____ Date _____

Nineteen Eighty-Four (1984) by George Orwell

Author _____

of pages _____

Main Characters _____

Setting _____

Introduction - How does the novel begin?

Characterization - Characters can be described through direct and indirect characterization. Choose one example for each type of characterization. Supply specific examples from the novel.

Irony - Irony is the expression of one's feelings in a language that normally states the opposite. How is irony used in the novel? Give two examples using specific information from the novel.

Symbolism - A symbol is an object that represents something other than itself. Find two examples of symbolism in the novel. With support from the novel, thoroughly explain these two uses of symbolism.

Flashback - Flashback is a scene in a novel that is set in a time earlier than the main story. Select two flashback scenes from the novel, and describe them in detail.

Paradox - A paradox is a proposition that appears sound but leads to a conclusion that appears senseless. How are each of the three slogans of the Party - War is Peace, Freedom is Slavery, and Ignorance is Strength - a paradox? Use support from the novel.

Protagonist and Antagonist - A protagonist is a leading character who is an advocate for a particular cause. An antagonist is a character who is hostile to something or someone else. Name the protagonist and the antagonist in the novel. Use information from the novel to support your answer.

Theme - Theme is the central idea that expresses a general outlook on life. One theme in the novel focuses on the psychological, technological, physical, and social dangers of totalitarianism and political authority. Give examples from the novel that support this theme.
